

# Ultra Expansion microscopy protocol with improved setup for upright and inverted microscopes. v1

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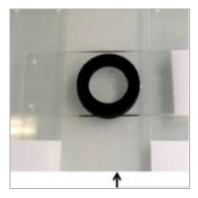
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• Ultra Expansion microscopy protocol with improved setup for upright and inverted microscopes.

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**ABSTRACT** 

Ultra

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#### יוסם

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**Keywords:** Immuno-labelling, fluorescence microscopy, expansion microscopy, ultra expansion microscopy, U-ExM, upright microscope, inverted microscope

### **Ultra Expansion microscopy**

This protocol is based on the following papers:

#### **CITATION**

Gambarotto D, Hamel V, Guichard P (2021). Ultrastructure expansion microscopy (U-ExM).. Methods in cell biology.

LINK

https://doi.org/10.1016/bs.mcb.2020.05.006

#### **CITATION**

Amodeo S, Kalichava A, Fradera-Sola A, Bertiaux-Lequoy E, Guichard P, Butter F, Ochsenreiter T (2021). Characterization of the novel mitochondrial genome segregation factor TAP110 in Trypanosoma brucei.. Journal of cell science.

LINK

https://doi.org/pii:jcs254300.10.1242/jcs.254300

#### **CITATION**

Isch C, Majneri P, Landrein N, Pivovarova Y, Lesigang J, Lauruol F, Robinson DR, Dong G, Bonhivers M (2021). Structural and functional studies of the first tripartite protein complex at the Trypanosoma brucei flagellar pocket collar.. PLoS pathogens.

https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.ppat.1009329

Reagents	Company	Reference	Comment
Absolute ethanol			
Acrylamide 40%	Euromedex	EU0060-A	store at 4°C
Ammonium persulfate (APS)	Euromedex	EU0009	store as 10% in H2O at -20°C
Formaldehyde 37%	Sigma	252549	
HCI			1N solution
HOECHST (bisBenzimide H 33342 trihydrochloride)	Sigma	B2261	make 5 mg/mL in H20. Store at -20°C as aliquotes

Reagents	Company	Reference	Comment
milliQ Water			0.2 um filtered
N,N'- Methylenbisacrylamide 2%	Euromedex	EU0560	store at 4°C
PBS			0.2 um filtered
SDS 20%			
Tris-Base			
NaCl			stock solution 5M
Sodium Acrylate 38%	AK Scientific	97-99%, R624	store the powder at -20°C
TEMED	Euromedex	50406	
Tween-20	Sigma	P-7949	store RT

# Reagents

Equipment	Company	Reference	Comments
12 mm round coverslips	VWR	6530021	Comments
Metal block			pre-cooled -20°C
Shaker			RT
Incubator 37°C			shaker or that can accomodate a shaker
homemade spatula			with a rigid plastic cover
1.5 ml tubes			
24 mm round coverslips			
24-well plates	NUNC		
6-well plates	NUNC		
Glass slides	Themoscientific	J1800 AMN7	
Laboratory wipes			
Petri dishes			
Plumbing joints		20x27 N14	

Equipment	Company	Reference	Comments
Thermoblock	Eppendorf		
Vortex			
Parafilm			

# **Equipment**

compound	volume	Final concentration
Formaldehyde 37%	19 ul	0.7%
Acrylamide 40%	25 ul	1%
PBS 1x	956 ul	
Prepare just before use		

# Activation solution (FA/AA)

Reagent	В	Final concentration	Comment
Sodium acrylate		38% w/v	Dissolve little by little in milliQH2O and on ice under the fume hood. 0.22 um filtered. This solution is critical. Use only solution that appears clear or very slightly yellow.

# Sodium acrylate stock solution (SA)

Stock solution	Stock solution	Volume to prepare per sample	Final concentration
Sodium Acrylate (SA)	38% (W/W)	500ul	23% (W/V)
Acrylamide (AA)	40%	250ul	10% (W/V)
Bis-acrylamide (BIS)	2%	50 ul	0.1% (W/V)
PBS	10x	100 ul	1x

Stock solution	Stock solution	Volume to prepare per sample	Final concentration
Make 90 ul aliquotes a for up to 2-3 weeks ma	nd store at -20°C for up iximum. Note: the soluti	to 2-3 weeks Make 90 µL aliquo on does not freeze.	ts and store at -20°C

### **U-ExM Monomer solution (MS)**

Reagent	Stock concentration	Volume / Weight	Final concentration
TRIS-Base	-	0.6 g	50 mM
HCI (fuming?)	-	pH to 9.0	
ddH2O	-	10 mL	
SDS	20% (694 mM)	28.82 mL	200 mM
NaCl	5 M	4 mL	200 mM
milliQ water		qsp 100 mL	

# **Denaturation solution (DS)**

# Day 0.

Preparation coverslips (24mm) coated with poly-L-lysine for mounting

- recover and store the poly-L-lysine solution
- wash the slides 2 times in a water bath
- Dry the coverslips up on adsorbing paper.
- Pre-cool overnight at -20°C a metallic tube holder
- If required, prepare your cells on 24 mm coverslips to grow.

### Day 1- Sample preparatio, first expansion and primary antibody incubation

# 1- Prepare cells on 12 mm coverslips

In 24-well plates, prepare coverslips with your favourite cells. The cells density should not be too high to avoid non-isotropic expansion (non-confluent cells).

Wash the cells with PBS.

#### 2- Activation

- Place the coverslips in 24-well plate, cells up, and load  $lap{L}$  1 mL of FA/AA solution
- Fill up the empty wells with water

- Incubate at 37 °C 5 100 rpm 3 04:00:00 3- Gel polymerization *a- Prepare* 3 On ice - a lid of a 24-well plate covered with a pad and parafilm. - A -20°C-pre-cooled metallic tube holder with <u>Δ</u> 100 μL of APS 10% Δ 100 μL of TEMED 10% - a 🔼 90 µL aliquot of MS solution b- Prepare the MS + TEMED + APS solution and gel polymerization - Add 🛕 5 µL of TEMED 10% into the 90 ul MS aliquote, then add Δ 5 μL of APS 10% - Vortex 2 sec and load on the parafilm 2 drops of A 35 µL not more. (Do 2 drops at once only as the polymerization is very rapid). - Immediately, adsorb the excess FA/AA solution on a tissue and transfer the coverslips on the drop, cells side facing down. - Incubate ♦ 00:05:00 , then at \$\mathbb{4}\$ 37 °C without shaking ♦ 01:00:00 . During this step, On ice prepare step 4. c-Gel detachment - Transfer the coverslip+polymerized gel (gel facing up ) to the 6-well plate Room temperature 000:15:00 100 rpm or until the gel detaches from the coverslip. - Incubate 4- Denaturation - Set the Thermoblock at 95°C - Pre-heat at 95°C A 1 mL of DS per sample in an eppendorf tube. - Collect the detached gel and load it into the DS. - Fill up the tube with heated DS and incubate at 95°C (5) 01:30:00 5- First expansion - Load each gel in a petri dish with A 40 mL milliQ water - Incubate (5) 00:30:00 (5 100 rpm Room temperature -Repeat twice 01:00:00 Room temperature (-OR Change the water bath at least once and incubate Overnight 4°C - Measure the diameter of the gel (expect of a >4x expansion compared to the 12mm diameter of the coverslip) 6- Primary antibody incubation - Incubate the gel in 40 mL PBS (5) 00:10:00 Room temperature - Repeat twice 👏 00:20:00 👢 Room temperature (5) 100 rpm a- In a 24-well plate, per sample, add 🚨 1 mL of PBS, 2% BSA, 0.2% Tween-20.

- Fill up the empty wells with water
- Gel cutting
  - Use a 1 mL Tips to cut a circular piece of the gel (usually 4 pieces can easily be cut from one gel).
  - Place each piece of gel into the 24-well plate
  - Incubate in PBS, BSA, Tween-20 🕙 00:10:00 or more 👃 37 °C 🗘 100 rpm
- Primary antibody(ies) incubation
- Remove the PBS, BSA, Tween-20 solution and replace it with  $\pm$  350  $\mu$ L of primary antibody(ies) diluted in PBS, BSA, Tween-20
  - Incubate 8 37 °C Overnight 5 100 rpm , the lid sealed closed to avoid evaporation.

# Day-2 Secondary incubation, second expansion and gel mount

### 1- Secondary antibody incubation

- Wash 3 times in 🔼 350 μL PBS, BSA, Tween-20 👃 37 °C
- Remove the PBS, BSA, Tween-20 solution and replace it with 4 350 µL of secondary antibody(ies) and **Hoechst** (5µg/mL) diluted in PBS, BSA, Tween-20
- Incubate 8 37 °C (5) 03:00:00 (5) 100 rpm , the lid sealed closed to avoid evaporation, in the dark.

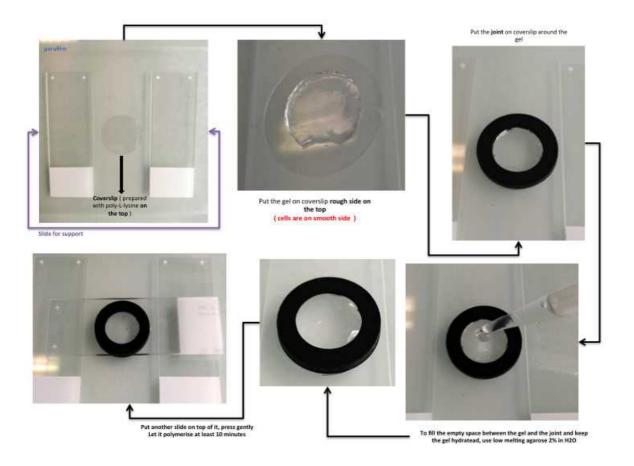
### 2- Second expansion

- Transfer the gel into a 6-well plate and wash with 🔼 5 mL water 👏 00:30:00
- OR (- Change the water bath and incubate Overnight 37 °C 5 100 rpm
- Change twice the water bath and incubate for 30 min 01:00:00 8 37 °C 5 100 rpm
- Measure the diameter of the gel, it should be consistent with the first expansion

(You can store the gels water in water at 4°C)

#### 3- Mounting and imaging

This setup allows the imaging on upright and inverted microscopes. Also, the gels do not dehydrate during long microscopy sessions and can be further stored t 4°C.



How to mount your gel.

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